WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A mercury vapor discharge lamp comprising:
 - an envelope;
 - means for providing a discharge;
- a discharge-sustaining fill of mercury and an inert gas sealed inside said envelope; and
- a phosphor-containing layer coated inside said envelope, said phosphor-containing layer including a blend of phosphors, including:
 - a blue-green emitting halophosphate;
 - a red-emitting phosphor; and
 - a green-emitting phosphor.
- 2 The lamp according to claim 1, wherein the blend of phosphors further includes a white-emitting halophosphate
- 3. The lamp according to claim 1, wherein the blue-green emitting halophosphate has the general formula: $Ca_{5\cdot y}(PO_4)_3F_{1\cdot y}O_y.Sb_y$, where 0.03 < y < 0.07.
- 4. The lamp according to claim 2, wherein the white-emitting halophosphate has the general formula: $Ca_{5-xy}(PO_4)_3F_{1-2-y}Cl_2O_v$:Mn,Sb_v, where

0.03<x<0.22:

0.03<y<0.07; and

0.02<z<0.2.

- 5 The lamp according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the redemitting phosphor and the green-emitting phosphor includes a rare-earth phosphor
- The lamp according to claim 5, wherein the green-emitting phosphor is a terbium-activated phosphor selected from the group consisting of lanthanum

phosphate activated with cerium (3+) and terbium (3+) (LAP), cerium magnesium aluminate activated with terbium (CAP), and gadolinium magnesium pentaborate activated with terbium and cerium.

- The lamp according to claim 5, wherein the red-emitting phosphor includes yttrium oxide activated with europium (3+) (YEO)
- 8. The lamp according to claim 5, wherein the red-emitting phosphor and the green emitting phosphor are both rare earth phosphors and the ratio of blue-green emitting halophosphate to rare earth phosphors is from 10.9 to 1.1
- The lamp according to claim 8, wherein the ratio of blue-green emitting halophosphate to rare earth phosphors is from 1:5 to 2:5.
- 10. The lamp according to claim 9, wherein the ratio of blue-green emitting halophosphate to rare earth phosphors is about 3 10
- 11. The lamp according to claim 2, wherein the white-emitting halophosphate is 50-90% by weight of the blend of phosphors
- The lamp according to claim 11, wherein the white-emitting halophosphate is 60-80% by weight of the blend of phosphors
- 13. The lamp according to claim 12, wherein the white-emitting halophosphate is about 70 wt% by weight of the blend of phosphors
- 14. The lamp according to claim 2, wherein the phosphor layer is the only phosphor layer coated inside said envelope.
- The lamp according to claim 2, wherein the phosphor layer has a color rendition index (CRI) of at least 70.
- The lamp according to claim 1, wherein the phosphor blend is free of blue-emitting rare earth phosphors
 - 17. A method of forming a lamp, the method including:

forming a blend of phosphors, the blend of phosphors including a blue-green emitting halophosphate, a red-emitting phosphor, and a green-emitting phosphor.

forming a coating comprising the blend of phosphors on a wall of an envelope; and

sealing a fill inside the envelope, the fill including mercury and an mert gas

- The method according to claim 17, wherein the blend of phosphors further includes a white-emitting halophosphate
 - 19 A method of providing a light source, the method including

depositing only a single phosphor layer on a surface of an envelope, the phosphor layer including a blend of phosphors, the blend of phosphors including a white-emitting halophosphate, a blue-green emitting halophosphate. a red-emitting phosphor, and a green-emitting phosphor; and

initiating a discharge within the envelope thereby generating light, at least a portion of the light being converted to light of a different wavelength by the phosphor coating such that light emitted from the envelope has a color rendition index (CRI) of at least 70.